PROANTIC
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Edouard Detaille (1848-1912) Carnival Scene, Signed Watercolor



885 EUR

Signature : Edouard Detaille (1848-1912)

Period : 19th century

Condition : Bon état

Material : Water color

Width : 16.5

Height : 21

Description

Edouard Detaille (1848-1912)A carnival scene21 x 16.5 cm Watercolor and brown ink on paperSigned lower rightPeriod frame : 35 x 30 cm (lacks in the gilding, see photos)A very fine example of Detaille's talent for humoristic scenes, combined with his talent for portraiture, as visible in each character. Indeed, one must examine the work closely to spot all the characters that Detaille has incorporated into his composition. Examples include the man wearing a bicorne hat on the right-hand side and the child wearing a pointed hat in the middle.Jean-Baptiste Édouard Detaille (Paris 5 October 1848 - 23 December 1912 Paris) was a French academic painter and military artist noted for his precision and realistic detail. Detaille grew up in a prosperous military family in Picardy; his

Dealer

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grandfather had been an arms supplier for Napoleon. An amateur artist who was friends with a number of collectors and painters, including Horace Vernet, Detaille's father encouraged his son's artistic endeavors. He began his artistic studies at age seventeen under the famous military painter Jean-Louis-Ernest Meissonier; he had originally approached him to ask for an introduction to the renowned Alexandre Cabanel but Meissonier decided to teach Detaille himself. Meissonier became a major influence on his style, and it was he who inculcated an appreciation for accuracy and precision in Detaille.Detaille made his debut as an artist at the Salon--the official art exhibition of the Académie des Beaux-Arts--of 1867 with a painting of Meissonier's studio. At the Salon of 1868, he exhibited his first military painting, The Drummers Halt, which was based solely on his imagination of the French Revolution. With Repose During the Drill, Camp St Maur, which he debuted the following year, Detaille established his reputation as a painter. In the spring of 1870, he went on a "sketching trip" to Algeria with three other young painters, Étienne-Prosper Berne-Bellecour, Alexander Louis Leloir, and Jehan Georges Vibert.Detaille enlisted in the 8th Mobile Bataillon of the French Army when the Franco-Prussian War broke out in 1870; by November he was seeing and experiencing the realities of war. This experience allowed him to produce his famed portraits of soldiers and historically accurate depictions of military manoeuvres, uniforms, and military life in general. He eventually became the official painter of the battles. He published a book called L'Armée Française in 1885, which contains over 300 line drawings and 20 color reproductions of his works. Detaille was one of the first artists to buy photographs from Eugène Atget.In 1912, Detaille created new uniforms for the French army. They were never adopted by the Minister of War, but the blue-gray greatcoats would influence later French World War I uniforms, and

the Adrian helmet was heavily influenced by his designs.During his life, he had amassed an impressive collection of military uniforms and artifacts and bequeathed to the Musée de l'Armée in Paris following his death.Detaille appears as a guest at a party at the home of the Princesse de Guermantes in Part Two: Chapter One of Marcel Proust's novel, Cities of the Plain, where Detaille is referred to as "the creator of the Dream", his 1888 painting also known as Le Rêve (The Dream) which shows soldiers asleep on a battlefield dreaming of military glory. The painting, which is located at the Musée d'Orsay in Paris.