



PROANTIC
LE PLUS BEAU CATALOGUE D'ANTIQUITES

Levin, Joseph (1894-1979) Abstraction I

1 200 EUR



Period : 20th century

Condition : Parfait état

Material : Water color

Width : 41,2 cm

Height : 31,3 cm

Description

LEVIN Joseph (1894-1979) Abstraction
Indian ink, watercolor, and white gouache 31.3x
41.2 cm Signed lower left Joseph Levin was born
in Saint Petersburg in 1894. After completing
high school, he attended the Imperial Institute
of Painting, directed by Roerich. His teachers were
Resberg, Moscovici, Navozov, and Fimon. He then
went to New York, where his eldest brother had
been living since 1905 and where Joseph attended
the National Academy of Design. In February
1917, he learned that the revolution had begun in
Russia; he returned to Petrograd and worked in the
studio of Resberg, his former teacher. Then, in
October, Levin left Petrograd and went
to Moscow. In 1919, he met the poet Sergei
Yesenin, a friend of his brother Vaniamin. In
Moscow, he spent time with the painter Larionov

Dealer

Galerie Sophie Marcellin

Paintings drawings sculptures

Tel : 01 83 92 17 33

Mobile : 06 60 98 96 62

20 Passage VERDEAU

Paris 75009

and the entire Russian avant-garde group; he was won over and endorsed the Imaginist Manifesto published by Esenin. In 1920, he traveled to Cita, in the Far East, where he explored the technique of fresco painting and won a competition to decorate the walls of the recreation hall at Penza University. In 1922, he took a trip to China. He exhibited his paintings in Tianjin. His study of Chinese calligraphy enhanced the graphic quality of his art. Levin returned to Moscow in 1923 and reconnected with S. Esenin, who had arrived from Paris with Isidore Duncan. Upon Esenin's death, Levin kept vigil over his remains during their transport to Moscow and painted portraits of him, the original of which is housed at the Museum of Literature in Moscow. In 1926, he obtained a visa to travel to Paris, where he remained until 1935. During his years in Paris, he had a studio on Rue Baillou in Montparnasse where, in addition to paintings, he designed costumes and sets for Russian singers and ballerinas. In 1935, he left for New York and opened a studio in Greenwich Village. There, he produced a series of lithographs. His painting evolved toward an abstract style. He developed his concept of representing centrifugal force, a symbol of the Universal Movement, which he called "Sur-consciencilism." From 1950 through 1967, he exhibited his paintings in Paris, London, Amsterdam, and several American cities between New York and Washington. In 1969, he returned to Moscow for an exhibition at the Museum of Literature. In 1970, he settled permanently in Paris with his wife Bettina, who had shared his life for 43 years. In January 1979, he held a retrospective exhibition titled "Sixty Years of Painting." He spent his final years in Mazan (Avignon) and died in 1979. Joseph Levin was also a writer and poet.