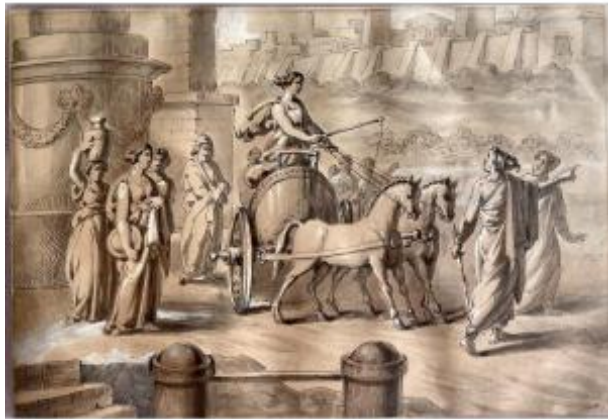




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18th-century Roman School - Nausicaa Leads Odysseus To Alcinoos - Lavis & Plume

1 980 EUR



Signature : École Romaine du XVIIIe siècle

Period : 18th century

Condition : Bon état

Material : Paper

Width : 52 cm

Height : 23,5 cm

Description

18th-Century Roman School - Nausicaa Leading Ulysses to Her Father Alcinoos -Pen, brown ink wash, and white gouache highlights on paper Italy, Rome, c. 1750-1780 Drawing dimensions: 31.5 × 23.5 cm Dimensions with mat: 52 × 37.5 cm Excellent state of preservation. Description A superb Italian academic drawing executed in pen and brown ink wash, enriched with delicate white gouache highlights, depicting one of the most famous episodes from Homer's *Odyssey*: Nausicaa guiding Ulysses to the palace of her father Alcinoos, King of the Phaeacians. After surviving a shipwreck caused by Poseidon, Ulysses is found on the shores of Scheria by Princess Nausicaa. Moved by his plight, she directs him to the royal palace, where Alcinoos will grant him hospitality

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before his return to Ithaca. The drawing illustrates the precise moment the hero is introduced to the royal family. The scene is arranged with remarkable theatrical staging. In the center, Nausicaa dominates the composition from her elegant ancient chariot, drawn by two richly harnessed horses. On the right, two figures welcome the traveler, their gestures naturally leading the eye toward the princess. On the left, several young women accompany the procession; some carry amphorae or other items, evoking their return from the river where they had been washing laundry--an episode that immediately precedes this one in the Homeric narrative. In the background appears a vast, idealized city surrounded by mighty walls, representing Scheria in the architectural style of the Roman Neoclassical taste. The work presents an exceptionally balanced composition, featuring an interplay of diagonal lines, the movement of drapery, and monumental forms.

Stylistic Analysis

The drawing demonstrates perfect academic mastery. The penwork is lively, precise, and highly confident. The brown wash subtly modulates the forms through delicate, transparent transitions ranging from warm gray to deeper browns. White gouache highlights are used sparingly to accentuate flesh tones, folds in the drapery, highlights on the horses, edges of the chariot, and certain architectural elements. This technique is characteristic of the great Roman workshops of the 18th century, where drawing formed the very foundation of artistic creation. Light enters from the left, admirably structuring the space. The modeling recalls preparatory drawings intended for large-scale painted decorations or engravings illustrating ancient texts. A composition rooted in the *Grand Goût*. The entire composition reflects the emerging Neoclassical style. The figures derive their gestures directly from ancient sculpture: elegant *contrapposto* drapery inspired by Greek marble statues, noble poses, a clearly legible hierarchy of figures. Nausicaa's chariot

serves as the scene's true visual focal point. The horses are rendered with remarkable attention to detail. The cityscape, deliberately idealized, evokes the dream-like ancient Rome of the 18th century rather than the Scheria of Homer's epic. This kind of transposition is typical of Roman artists of the period.

Historical Note The subject is drawn from Books VI and VII of Homer's **Odyssey**. After leaving Calypso's island, Odysseus is shipwrecked on the coast of Scheria. Nausicaa, daughter of King Alcinous and Queen Arete, discovers the exhausted hero. Displaying exemplary hospitality--a fundamental value of ancient Greek civilization--she leads him to the royal palace, where Alcinous will hear the tale of his adventures before providing a ship to take him back to Ithaca. This episode represents one of the poetic highlights of the entire **Odyssey**. He embodies: benevolence, divine protection, sacred hospitality, the passage between trials and the return.

Attribution This sheet can be linked to the output of Roman workshops active between 1750 and 1780. Several characteristics support this attribution: a highly structured, academic drawing style; a taste for the Antique; architecture inspired by Roman monuments; sculptural treatment of the figures; highly refined brown wash; classical use of white highlights. It brings to mind, in particular, the circles of: Pompeo Batoni, Domenico Corvi, Stefano Pozzi, Gavin Hamilton, Anton Raphael Mengs (entourage).

In the absence of a fully legible signature, a cautious attribution to an 18th-century Roman school remains the most rigorous approach today. The partially visible monogram warrants examination under raking, infrared, or ultraviolet light to clarify its reading.

Comparisons This work belongs to the great tradition of Italian drawings illustrating Homer, examples of which are held in collections such as: the Louvre's Department of Prints and Drawings, the Uffizi Galleries in Florence, the British Museum, the Royal Collection, the Morgan Library in New York. It recalls several

compositions executed within the circle of Pompeo Batoni as well as...It is reminiscent of various compositions associated with Pompeo Batoni, as well as preparatory drawings for Neoclassical decorative schemes created in Rome during the second half of the 18th century. Condition Excellent condition. The paper is remarkably fresh. No significant foxing. No tears. No visible restoration. The washes have retained their full transparency. The white highlights remain particularly luminous. The drawing is presented in an elegant period mount that perfectly showcases the sheet. Artistic Significance This work possesses several highly sought-after qualities: a rare subject drawn directly from Homer, superb graphic quality, remarkable state of preservation, Roman stylistic origin, excellent compositional clarity, refined academic execution, an early Latin inscription that enhances its documentary value. It will appeal equally to connoisseurs of Old Master drawings and collectors of Classical iconography or Homeric subjects. #EcoleRomaine #XVIIIeSiecle #AncientDrawing #OldMasterDrawing #ItalianDrawing #RomanSchool #Neoclassicism #GrandTour #Homer #Odyssey #Nausicaa #Ulysses #Alcinous #GreekMythology #Lavis #InkDrawing #BrownInk #CabinetDesDessins #FineArt #WorksOnPaper #ArtCollector #Proantic #ArteCollection #DessinAncien #ArtItalien