



PROANTIC
LE PLUS BEAU CATALOGUE D'ANTIQUITES

Vanitas (as Allegory Of Youth), Erasmus Quellinus II (antwerp 1607 - 1672)



12 000 EUR

Signature : Erasmus Quellinus II (Anvers 1607 - 1672) - avec expertise

Period : 17th century

Condition : Très bon état

Material : Oil painting

Width : encadré 98 cm.

Height : encadré 135 cm.

Description

Erasmus Quellinus II (Antwerp 1607 - 1672) Vanitas (as Allegory of the Vanity of Life or Youth) Oil on canvas 121 x 84 cm - Framed 135 x 98 cm The work is accompanied by a critical study written by Prof. Emilio Negro The theme of the painting we are offering is a unique and rare 'Vanitas', a subject with strong moral significance which, in painting, refers to a composition with symbolic elements alluding to the transience of life, and therefore intended to prompt the viewer to meditate on the transience of human destiny and the fragility of worldly pleasures. Such subjects, which were particularly popular in the Flemish school, are works of great charm, interesting to study and often difficult to decipher. The protagonist of our canvas is a capricious cherub sitting on a sarcophagus, a sort

Dealer

Antichità Castelbarco

Old master paintings

Tel : +39 333 2679466 - Alessandro Padovani

Viale Giuseppe Canella, 18

Riva del Garda 38066

of anthropomorphic Carpe Diem (seize the fleeting moment) in pictorial form, inviting us to meditate on the fleeting nature of life and enjoy the moments of happiness it offers, without worrying about the vicissitudes of fortune, symbolised by the cherub's foot trampling on gold coins, precious fabric, a sceptre, an ermine stole, a skull, a hunting horn and books. Next to him is a still life of colourful flowers gathered in a crystal vase, whose presence takes on a clear allegorical meaning, as they are a metaphor for the transience of youthful beauty, which, like fresh flowers, is destined to wither. Particularly noteworthy is the bare stone tomb on which the cherub sits, above which stands the inscription 'D. M. S.,' engraved in beautiful Roman capital letters, which can be interpreted as the Latin phrase "Diis Manibus Sacrum", meaning "Sacred to the Manes", corresponding to the invocation carved on the tombstones of late paganism and the early Christian period, addressed to the spirits of deified ancestors. Another very interesting detail is the white sheet protruding from the pages of the voluminous closed psalter (the biblical text containing the collection of Psalms) on which the Latin phrase is written in beautiful 17th-century cursive calligraphy: '(Quia] Defecerunt sicut fumus dies/ mei Psal J.97' (translation: "[Because] my days have vanished like smoke" (Psalter, Psalm 1:97), equivalent to another exhortation to reflect on the brevity of existence. With regard to the pictorial origin of the composition in question, it should first be noted that it is an interesting replica, with some modifications, of a work executed by Erasmus Quellinus the Younger (the figure of the cherub) and Daniel Seghers (the still life). A version of the same composition is also known, entitled 'Allegory of the Passage of Youth', which passed through Sotheby's in Amsterdam as Cornelis Schut and Daniël Seghers (12.12. 1991, Old Master Paintings and Drawings, lot 218, price EUR16,630, then sold in London as Thomas Willeboirts Bosschaert (Sotheby's 16.12.1999, lot

59, hammer price: EUR126,592 / £80,000). Qui il link del dipinto:

<https://research.rkd.nl/en/detail/https%3A%2F%2Fdata.rkd.nl%2Fimages%2F52665?c=q%3D%26filters%255B0%...>

And then there is the Vanity attributed to Thomas Willeboirts Bosschaert,

which was sold in Vienna by Dorotheum

(17/10/2007, estimated price: EUR18,000-24,000,

link:[https://www.invaluable.com/auction-lot/tho](https://www.invaluable.com/auction-lot/thomas-willeboirts-bosschaert-bergen-op-zoom-1613-228-c-ms7xg...)

[mas-willeboirts-bosschaert-bergen-op-zoom-1613](https://www.invaluable.com/auction-lot/thomas-willeboirts-bosschaert-bergen-op-zoom-1613-228-c-ms7xg...)

[-228-c-ms7xg...](https://www.invaluable.com/auction-lot/thomas-willeboirts-bosschaert-bergen-op-zoom-1613-228-c-ms7xg...)As regards the painting in

question, we can attribute its creation to a skilled

Flemish artist of the Grand Siècle, attentive to

detail and faithful to the teachings learned

through the study of compositions by the best

17th-century masters: in fact, clear

post-Caravaggio and post-Rubens accents stand

out in our canvas, typical of the pupils of

Wallerant Vaillant; these are distinctive stylistic

features that can be seen in the effective contrasts

of light and in the fluid pictorial mixture and

balanced colours. These reasons allow us to link

this Vanitas to the modus operandi of the

mentioned Erasmus Quellinus the Younger

(Antwerp, 1607-1678), one of Rubens' closest

collaborators in the 1630s, assisted here by a

talented collaborator trained in his active

workshop. Descended from a renowned family of

artists (his father was the painter Erasmus

Quellinus the Elder), Erasmus Quellinus II

worked mainly in Flanders, where his activity is

evidenced by numerous compositions similar to

ours, attributed to him and preserved in the most

important public and private collections. He was

also the head of a successful workshop where

numerous pupils were trained, including his

children and grandchildren. It is true that in the

canvas in question, which was probably intended

to adorn the walls of a noble residence belonging

to a collector, scholar or humanist, there is a

careful painting, especially in the insistent search

for detail, in warm colours, which are specific

qualities of Erasmus' best works. For further

information, please contact us. Like all our items,

the work is sold with a photographic certificate of authenticity in accordance with the law. Follow us on: <https://www.instagram.com/galleriacastelbarco/?hl=it> <https://www.facebook.com/galleriacastelbarco/>