

Bacchante Playing The Basque Drum, 18th Century Engraving By Domenico Del Frate And Vincenzo



450 EUR

Signature: Domenico Del Frate

Period: 18th century Condition: Restauré

Material: Paper Width: 37 cm Height: 50 cm

Description

DATE OF PRODUCTION: circa 1795-1820SIZE ON SHEET: 50 x 37 cm / 19,68 x 14,56 in.DIMENSIONS OF THE PLANCH: 34 x 25 cm / 13,38 x 9,84 in.PROVENANCE: private collection acquired at auctionMUSEUM REFERENCES: Similar prints in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, British Museum and Victoria & Albert Museum, LondonCONDITIONS: good general condition restoration by an approved professional (dust removal, mould treatment, pH control, etc.).SHIPPING: Contact us, we'll think it over together / Careful tracking and tracing worldwide. Delivery by hand is possible on request.GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE: in accordance with the general terms and conditions of sale in force at

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Galerie Theophanos - Galerie Theophanos We issue an invoice detailing shipping and packaging costs in addition (framing).General negotiation possibleANY QUESTIONS? Contact us by e-mail at contact@theophanos.comPRINT DEPICTING, SURROUNDED BY A FRIEZE, A HALF-NAKED BACCHANTE DANCING AND PLAYING A BASQUE DRUM.BEARS THE **INSCRIPTION: BACCANTE DELL** ERCOLANOIN ROMA PRESSO AGAPITO FRANZETTI AL.CORSODOMENICO DEL FRATTE DEL(INEAVIT). VINCENZO FEOLI INC(ISE). This engraving in burin and etching, published by Agapito Franzetti in Rome, was engraved by the burinist Vincenzo Feoli after a drawing by the painter and draughtsman Domenico Del Frate. This print, number 2, is part of a series depicting the dancers of Pompeii. These dancers or bacchantes were originally depicted in frescoes that adorned a villa in Pompeii, not in Herculaneum, as the inscription "Baccante dell Ercolano" might suggest. "Ercolano" here refers to the gateway to Herculaneum, the Pompeian site of Cicero's villa, where the frescoes adorned the walls. These frescoes became famous when they were discovered in Pompeii during the excavation of the Villa of Cicero in 1759, and are now housed in the National Archaeological Museum in Naples. This chisel engraving depicts a tympanistria playing the tympanum (or Basque drum), which was used to worship Bacchus. It is a classic figure from the ancient period that was widely adopted in the Neoclassical period. For more information, visit nos collections - Galerie Theophanos